



Ahadith on Ghadir 40

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Introduction

In the tenth year after the migration to Madinah, the year which later became known as Hajjatul Wida' [The (year of the) farewell Hajj], the Muslims who had accompanied the Noble Prophet (s) to Makkah were finishing their Hajj rites. Once the Hajj was complete, the Prophet (s) and those with him were making their way back to Madinah and the other cities from which they had come.

When they reached Rabigh - a spot three miles from Juhfah, one of the miqat for the Hujjaj - the order came from Allah (s.w.t.) to halt the entire caravan.

At this point, the Truthful conveyor of the revelation, Jibra'il (a.s.) came to the Prophet (s) who was stationed in the valley known as Ghadir Khumm and revealed the following verse of the Qur'an to him:

...النَّاسِ مِنْ يَعْصِمُكَ وَاللَّهُ رَسَالَتُهُ بَلَّغْتَ فَمَا تَفْعَلُ لَمْ إِنَّ وَ رَبِّكَ مِنْ إِلَيْكَ أَنْزَلَ مَا بَلَّغَ وَلِ الرِّسْدِ أَيُّهَا يَا

“O’ Messenger! Convey that which has been revealed to you from your Lord and if you do not do so, it is as if you have not conveyed His message at all, and Allah will protect you from the people...”(Suratul Maidah (5), Verse 67)

Since this verse commanded the Prophet (s) to stop right where he was, he himself and those with him, halted in the valley of Ghadir.

It was noontime, and as can be expected, the weather was extremely hot. The Noble Prophet (s) performed Salatul Zuhr in congregation, and then with multitudes of people around him, ascended to a small platform built from camel saddles and other things that the Muslims had with them.

In a loud voice, he gave a long speech and said to the people: “O’ people! Know that shortly I shall answer the call of The Truth (Allah) and will no longer be among you – I have a responsibility (to Allah) and you too have a responsibility (towards Him).”

The Prophet (s) then mentioned something very important to the people and stated: “I am leaving behind two weighty things to you as a trust – one of them is the Book of Allah, and the other is my family, the Ahlul Bait. These two shall never separate from one another. O’ people! Do not attempt to supersede the Qur'an and my family, and do not be negligent in your actions towards these two, because if you do so, you shall be destroyed.”

After stating this, he took the hand of 'Ali (a.s.), raised it up and introduced him to the multitudes of people and asked: “Who has more of a right over the believers than their own selves?” Everyone present proclaimed: “Allah and His Prophet know better.”

The Noble Prophet (s) then said: “Allah is my master and I am the master of all the believers and I have more right and authority over the believers than they have over their own selves.”

Then he continued:

عَادَاهُ مَنْ عَادِيَ وَالْآهَ مَنْ وَالِ اللَّهُمَّ. مَوْلَاهُ عَلِيٌّ فَهَذَا مَوْلَاهُ كُنْتُ مَنْ

“Whomsoever I am his master, this 'Ali is also his master. O’ Allah! Befriend he who befriends him ('Ali) and oppose he who opposes him.”

The Angel of Revelation, Jibra'il (a.s.) once again descended by the order of Allah (s.w.t.) and this time, revealed the following verse of the Qur'an:

دِيناً الْإِسْلَامَ لَكُمْ رَضِيئاً وَ نِعْمَتِي عَلَيْكُمْ أَتَمَمْتُ وَ دِينَكُمْ لَكُمْ أَكْمَلْتُ الْيَوْمَ

“On this day have I completed your religion for you and perfected My bounties upon you and am pleased with Islam as being your religion.”

Therefore, this day was marked in history as a momentous and grand day. The day of Ghadir was a day of epic proportions in history. It was a day which would become known as the Day of Wilayat (Mastership); the Day of Imamate (Leadership); the Day of Wisayat (Successorship); the Day of Brotherhood; the Day of Valour; the Day of Courage, Bravery and Protection (of the faith); the Day of Pleasure for the Believers; and they Day of Candidness.

It was a Day of:

(Divine) blessings;
Showing thanks to the Almighty;
Conveyance of the message;
Congratulations and felicitations;
Happiness, delight and gift giving;
The pact and promise and renewal of the Pledge of Allegiance;
Completion of the religion;
Expression of the truth;
Grief of Shaitan;
Introducing the leader and the (true) path;
Testing (the faith) of the Muslims;
Despair for the enemies;
Hope for the (true) friends.

In summary, it was the Day of Islam, Qur'an, and the Ahlul Bait (a.s.). It was the day which the followers of the true teachings of the faith of Islam mark with great esteem and a day when they congratulate one another.

It can be understood from the Ahadith that the A'immah (a.s.) took this day as one of celebration and used to hold special programs to celebrate this event. It has been narrated from Fayyadh ibn Muhammad at-Tusi that, “I was in the presence of the 8th Imam on the day of Ghadir (18th of Dhul Hijjah).

I saw a particular group of people serving the Imam and the Imam was (intentionally) keeping them in his house until the time of sunset came so that he may give them food to eat (and thus enable them to break their fast). The Imam ordered that food, new clothes, shoes, rings, and other gifts be sent for their families. In the house, I noticed that the state of all of those present was something completely different than normal, and it was from those people that I learned the greatness and magnitude of this day.” (Biharul Anwar, volume 97, page 112,

hadith 8)

In another Hadith it has been mentioned that one day during the days of the “open caliphate” of Imam 'Ali (a.s.), the day of Jumu'ah and 'Eid Ghadir fell together. On this day, the Imam (a.s.) delivered a long speech and said, “This gathering shall soon come to an end and all of you will go back to your homes and families – may Allah shower His mercy upon all of you.

On this day, you should be kind to your families and do good deeds to your brothers. You should thank Allah for the blessings which He has granted you. You must also be sure to unite with one another so that through this, Allah may assist you.

Do good to others so that Allah makes your friendship firm and immovable. From the blessings which Allah has given you, give gifts to one another. On this day, Allah will give rewards (to you) in multiple folds compared to other days of celebration ('Eid). This form of reward cannot be attained except through this day (Ghadir). Doing good to others and giving away much wealth to others increases the life span. Being a host to others results in the mercy and love of Allah descending upon you.

On this day, as much as you are able to, give your brothers and family a portion of the wealth which Allah has granted you. Always be smiling and in a happy mood when you meet one another; and be sure to thank Allah for the blessings which He has showered upon you. Go towards those people whose hope may lie in you and do good to them. In regards to your food and drink (on this day), ensure that between you and those who are under your care and supervision, there is equality. This equality and equity must be displayed to the extent of your ability (and you should know that) the reward of giving one dirham of charity on this day is equivalent to giving 100,000 dirhams of charity (on any other day) and the Divine bounty of this is in Allah's hands alone.

Allah has also made it highly recommended to fast on this day and has promised a great reward for one who observes it. If a person was to look after the needs and necessities of his brothers, even before his own wishes and desires (were expressed to Allah), and if one was to look after their requests in the best possible way, then one would be granted such a reward that it would be equivalent to fasting the entire day and spending the entire night in worship until the morning hours.

A person who feeds another fasting person on this day will be equal to that person who went person by person and fed all of the fasting people (with his own hands). You must convey all that you have just heard to those who are not here. The strong and able people must go out in search of the weak people; the powerful must go in search of the oppressed, as these are all things which the Prophet (s) has commanded me to do.”

Imam 'Ali (a.s.) then read the Khutbah for Jumu'ah and performed the Salat al-Jumu'ah (since there is no special Salat for this 'Eid). He then went with his children and Shi'a to the house of Imam Husain (a.s.), where food was ready, and he distributed gifts to the Shi'a – both the needy and the free from need - who had accompanied him, and then instructed them to go home to their families[1].”

Insha-Allah, we hope that one day all Muslims of the world will mark the day of 'Eidul Ghadir in such a great and magnanimous way and celebrate it as it deserves to be celebrated.

Notes:

[1]Biharul Anwar, vol. 97, Page 117.

Section 1 : The Status of 'Eidul Ghadir

Hadith no. 1: The 'Eid of the Khilafat and Wilayat

الَّذِي أَلْيَوْمُ نَعَمْ، قَالَ وَالْأَضْحَى؟ وَالْفِطْرِ الْجُمُعَةِ يَوْمَ غَيْرِ عِيدٍ لِلْمُسْلِمِينَ: فَقُلْتُ اللَّهُ عَبْدُ أَبِي عَلِيٍّ دَخَلْتُ: قَالَ مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ زِيَادٍ رَوَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ اللَّهُمَّ يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ نَصَبَ فِيهِ نَصَبَ

It has been narrated from Ziyad ibn Muhammad that he said, “I went to see Abi 'Abdillah [Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) and said to him, “Do the Muslims have an 'Eid other than the day of Jumu'ah and al-Fitr and al-Adhha?” The Imam (peace be upon him) replied to me, “Yes, the day which the Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) appointed Amirul Mo'minin (peace be upon him) [as the leader of the Ummah after him].”

Misbahul Mutahajjid, Page 736

Hadith no. 2: The Best 'Eid of the Ummah

عَلِمًا طَالِبِ أَبِي بِنِ عَلِيٍّ أَخِي بِنَصَبٍ فِيهِ ذِكْرُهُ تَعَالَى اللَّهُ أَمْرَنِي الَّذِي الْيَوْمُ هُوَ وَ أَمَّتِي أَغْيَادِ أَفْضَلِ حُمْ غَدِيرِ يَوْمَ اللَّهِ رَسُولُ قَالَ دِينًا الْإِسْلَامَ لَهُمْ رَضِي وَ النُّعْمَةَ فِيهِ أَمَّتِي عَلَى أُمَّتِ وَ الدِّينِ فِيهِ اللَّهُ أَكْمَلَ الَّذِي مُلِيَ هُوَ وَ بَعْدِي مَنْ بِهِ يَهْتَدُونَ لِأُمَّتِي،

The Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) has said: “The day of Ghadir Khumm is the best 'Eid of my nation. It is the day on which Allah, the High, ordered me to

mention the appointment of my brother, 'Ali ibn Abi Talib as the flag and standard of my nation. People shall be guided by him after me and this is the day in which Allah completed the religion and perfected the bounties upon my nation and on which He was pleased with Islam as their religion.”

Al-Amali of as-Sadiq, Page 125, Hadith 8

Hadith no. 3: The Great 'Eid of Allah

المُعْهُودِ الْعَهْدِ يَوْمَ السَّمَاءِ فِي اسْمِهِ وَحُرْمَتِهِ عَرَفَ وَ الْيَوْمِ هَذَا فِي تَعْيِيدِ وَ إِلَّا نَبِيًّا اللَّهُ بَعَثَ مَا وَ الْأَكْبَرُ، اللَّهُ عَيْدُ هُوَ: قَالَ الصَّادِقِ عَنِ الْمَشْهُودِ الْجَمْعِ وَ الْمَأْخُودِ الْمِيثَاقِ يَوْمَ الْأَرْضِ فِي وَ

It has been narrated from as-Sadiq [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad] (peace be upon him) that he said, “This is the greatest 'Eid of Allah, and every Prophet appointed by Allah celebrated this day as an 'Eid, and knew the sanctity of this day. The name of this day in the heavens is the Day of the Allegiance and Well-Known Pact, and on the Earth this Day is known as the Day of the Promise which is taken and the Day of the Gathering of those who witnessed (the event).”

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 5, Page 224, Hadith 1

Hadith no. 4: The 'Eid of Wilayat

لَهُ فَعَقَدَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَمِيرُ أُقِيمَ يَوْمَ هَذَا مِنْ أَعْظَمَ هُوَ مَا لَهُمْ نَعَمَ: قَالَ الْجُمُعَةِ؟ وَ الْعِيدِينَ غَيْرُ الْأَعْيَادِ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ: اللَّهُ بَدَعَ لِأَبِي قَيْلِ خَمَّ عَدِيرِبِ وَ النِّسَاءِ الرَّجَالِ أَعْتَقَ فِي الْوِلَايَةِ اللَّهُ رَسُولُ

“It was said to Abi 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him): “Do the true believers have an 'Eid other than the two 'Eid (of al-Adhha and al-Fitr) and the Jum'u'ah?” The Imam replied, “Yes, they have one which is even greater than these ones and that is the day when Amirul Mo'minin (peace be upon him) was designated by the Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) with the Wilayah (at Ghadir Khumm) which rests on the necks of all the men and women.”

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 7, Page 325, Hadith 5

Hadith no. 5: The Day of Renewal of the Oath of Allegiance

اللَّهُ عَظَّمَ عَظِيمَ يَوْمَ هَذَا: لِي فَقَالَ اصْأَنَيْمَ فَوَجَدْتُهُ الْحِجَّةِ ذِي مِنْ عَشَرَ الثَّامِنَ يَوْمَ فِي اللَّهِ عَيْدِ أَبِي عَلَى دَخَلْتُ: قَالَ حَرِيزِ بْنِ عَمَّارِ عَنْ وَالْمِيثَاقِ الْعَهْدِ مِنْ عَلَيْهِمْ أَخَذَ مَا لَهُمْ جَدَّدَ وَ النِّعْمَةَ عَلَيْهِمْ تَمَّ وَ الدِّينَ فِيهِ لَهُمْ أَكْمَلَ وَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى حُرْمَتِهِ

It has been narrated from 'Ammar ibn Hariz that he said, “I went to see Abi 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) on the 18th of Dhul Hijjah and found him fasting.

He said to me, 'This is a great day. Allah has magnified the sacredness of this day for the true believers and perfected the religion for them and completed upon them the bounties and renewed the pledge which He had taken from them (previously).'

Misbahul Mutahajjid, Page 737

Hadith no. 6: The 'Eid of the Heavens

الأَرْضِ فِي مِنْهُ أَشْهُرُ السَّمَاءِ فِي الْعَدِيرِ يَوْمٌ إِنَّ: قَالَ أَبِي نَء أَبِي، حَدَّثَنِي الرَّضَا قَالَ

Al-Ridha [Imam 'Ali ibn Musa] (peace be upon him) has said, "My father related to me from his father (peace be upon them) that, 'The Day of Ghadir is more well known in the heavens than it is on the Earth.'"

Misbahul Mutahajjid, Page 737

Hadith no. 7: An Incomparable 'Eid

الْمَقَامِ مِنْ فَصَاحٍ وَالْإِيضَاحِ يَوْمٌ وَهُوَ الْحَجُّجُ وَضِيحَتِ وَ الدَّرَجُ وَرُفِعَتْ الْفَرْجُ، وَقَعَ فِيهِ الشَّأْنُ، عَظِيمٌ يَوْمٌ هَذَا إِنَّ: عَلِيٌّ قَالَ... الْمَعْهُودِ الْعَهْدِ يَوْمٌ وَ الدَّيْنِ كَمَالٍ وَيَوْمِ الصَّرَاحِ،

Imam 'Ali (peace be upon him) has said, "Surely this is a highly recognized day, on it the succor was brought, and the station (of the one who was worthy of it) was elevated, and the proofs (of Allah) were made manifest. This is the day when from a pure station, words were clearly and straightforwardly stated, and this is the day of the completion of the religion and the (day) when the promise and pact were taken..."

Biharul Anwar, Volume 97, Page 116

Hadith no. 8: A Very Beneficial 'Eid

عَرَفَهُ لِمَنْ اللَّهُ أُعْطِيَ مَا وَ... مَرَّاتٍ عَشْرَ يَوْمٍ كُلِّ فِي الْمَلَائِكَةُ لَصَافِحَتُهُمْ بِحَقِيقَتِهِ الْيَوْمِ هَذَا فَضَّلَ النَّاسُ عَرَفَ لَوْ وَاللَّهِ: الصَّادِقِ عَنِ بَعْدَ يُحْصَى لَأَ مَا

As-Sadiq [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad] (peace be upon him) has said, "I swear by Allah that if people knew the true greatness of this day, the Angels would shake hands with them ten times every day ... and Allah would grant a person who recognizes (the greatness of this day) what can not be enumerated."

Misbahul Mutahajjid, Page 737

Hadith no. 9: A Luminous 'Eid

الْكَوَاكِبِ بَيْنَ مَرَكَاةِ الْجُمُعَةِ يَوْمَ َوَ وَالْأَضْحَى الْفِطْرِ بَيْنَ غَدِيرِ يَوْمَ َوَ : اللهُ عَبْدُ أَبِي قَالَ

Abu 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) has said, "The Day of Ghadir, in comparison to the ('Eids of) al-Fitr, al-Adhha and the day of Jumu'ah, is like the moon in relation to the rest of the planets."

Iqbal of Sayyid Ibn Tawus, Page 466

Hadith no. 10: One of the Four Divinely Appointed 'Eids

يَوْمَ َوَ الْفِطْرِ يَوْمَ :هَاخِذِرِ إِلَى الْعُرُوسِ تُزْفُ كَمَا جَلَّ وَ َعَرَّ اللهُ أَيَّامٍ أَرْبَعَةٌ زَفَّتْ الْقِيَامَةَ يَوْمَ كَانَ إِذَا : اللهُ عَبْدُ أَبِي قَالَ خُمُ غَدِيرِ يَوْمَ َوَ الْجُمُعَةِ يَوْمَ َوَ الْأَضْحَى

Abu 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) has said, "When the Day of Judgement comes about, four days shall hasten towards Allah, the Noble and Grand, just as a bride hastens towards her bridal chamber: the day of al-Fitr, the day of al-Adhha, the day of al-Jumu'ah, and the day of Ghadir Khumm."

Iqbal of Sayyid Ibn Tawus, Page 466

Section 2 : The Worthy and Deserving Day of Ghadir

Hadith no. 11: The Day of the Message and the Wilayat

وَ وَلَايَتِي عَلَيَّ وَلَايَةٌ إِنَّ أَلَا عَلِيٍّ، بُولَايَةَ صَدَّقَنِي وَ بِي أَمَّنْ مَنْ أَوْصِي الْغَائِبِ، الشَّاهِدُ لِيُبَيِّنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ مَعَشَرَ يَا : اللهُ رَسُولُ قَالَ أُنْبِغُكُمْ أَنْ رَنِي أَمَّ وَ رَبِّي إِلَيَّ عَهْدُهُ عَهْدًا رَبِّي، وَلَايَةٌ وَلَايَتِي

The Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) has said, "O' assembly of Muslims – those who are present must convey the following to those who are not, "I advise the person who believes in me and has confirmed me (as being the final Prophet) to accept the Wilayat (mastership of 'Ali). Now surely the mastership of 'Ali is my mastership, and my mastership is the mastership of my Lord. This is a pledge from my Lord which He commanded me to convey to all of you."

Hadith no. 12: The Day of Feeding Others

أَنَّهُ وَالْيَوْمَ ذَلِكَ جَلَّ وَعَزَّ لِلَّهِ شُكْرًا فَصَامَ وَصِيَّهَ وَفَضَّلَهُ فِيهِ أَبَانَ وَ عَلَمًا لِلْمُهَاجِرِينَ لِلنَّاسِ رَسُولُ أَقَامَ الَّذِي الْيَوْمَ إِنَّهُ وَ :اللَّهُ عَبْدُ أَبُو قَالَ الشَّيْطَانِ مَرُغَمَهُ وَ الرَّحْمَنِ، مَرَضَاهُ فِيهِ وَ الْإِخْوَانَ صِلَةَ وَ إِطْعَامَ وَ صِيَامَ لِيَوْمَ

Abu 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) has said, "...and surely this is the day when the Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) appointed 'Ali (peace be upon him) as the flag for the people and made known his greatness and successorship; and he fasted on this day as a sign of thanks to Allah, the Glorious and Noble. This day should be taken as one of fasting, feeding others, establishing ties with brothers (in faith), and on this day is the pleasure of the Most Merciful (al-Rahman) and the rubbing in the dust (humiliation) of the face of Shaitan."

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 7, Page 328, Hadith 12

Hadith no. 13: The Day of Gifts

وَلِيَعِدُّ الْبَائِسِينَ، وَالشَّاهِدُ ابْنِ، الْعَاظِرُ لِيُبَلِّغَ وَالْيَوْمَ، هَذَا فِي النُّعْمَةِ تَهَابُوا وَ بِالنَّسْلِيمِ فَتَصَافَحُوا تَلَاَقَيْتُمْ إِذَا... :الْمُؤْمِنِينَ قَالَ أَمِيرِ عَنِ الْوَهْدِيِّكَ رَسُولُ أَمْرَنِي الضَّعِيفَ عَلَى وَالْقَوِيَّ الْفَقِيرَ الْغَنِيَّ

It has been narrated from Amirul Mo'minin ['Ali ibn Abi Talib] (peace be upon him) that he said, "...when you meet each other (on the Day of 'Eid Ghadir), shake hands with one another with greetings (of peace) and exchange gifts on this day and let those who are present convey this to those who are not, and let the rich person give something to the poor, and the powerful one to the weak, as the Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) commanded me to (also) do this."

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 7, Page 327

Hadith no. 14: The Day of Protection

وَالْفَقْرَ الْكُفْرَ مِنَ الْأَمَانِ تَعَالَى اللَّهُ عَلَى ضَمِيئِهِ وَأَنَا الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ وَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ مِنْ عَدَدًا لَتَكْفَ بِمَنْ فَكَيْفَ ... :الْمُؤْمِنِينَ قَالَ أَمِيرِ عَنِ

It has been narrated from Amirul Mo'minin ['Ali ibn Abi Talib] (peace be upon him) that he said, "...how shall the state of that person be who has taken the responsibility upon himself for a number of the believing men and believing women (on the Day of Ghadir) since I personally have guaranteed that person protection from disbelief and poverty, in the presence of Allah, the Most High."

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 7, Page 327

Hadith no. 15: The Day of Thanks and Happiness

تَصُومُوهُ أَنْ لَكُمْ أَحَبُّ إِلَيَّ، وَلَا يَنْدَمُ عَلَيْكُمْ بِهِ اللَّهُ مَنْ لِمَا سُرُورٍ وَ لَهُ، حَمْدٌ وَ لِلَّهِ شُكْرٌ وَ صَلَوةٌ وَ عِبَادَةٌ يَوْمٌ هُوَ ... اللَّهُ عَبْدٌ أَبُو قَالَ

Abu 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) has said: "...this is the day (18th of Dhul Hijjah) of worship and prayers and thanks to Allah and His praise, and is a day of happiness due to the obligation which Allah has laid upon all of you in regards to our (the Ahlul Bait's) Wilayat, and surely I love to see you fast on this day."

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 7, Page 328, Hadith 13

Hadith no. 16: The Day of Doing Good to Others

مُؤْمِنَةٌ وَ مُؤْمِنٌ كُلٌّ فِيهِ سِرٌّ وَ الْيَوْمَ هَذَا فِي إِخْوَانِكَ عَلَى فَأَفْضِلِ الْعَارِفِينَ، لِإِخْوَانِكَ دِرْهَمٌ بِأَلْفٍ فِيهِ لِدْرَاهِمٍ وَ: اِدِقِ الصَّ عَنِ

It has been narrated from as-Sadiq [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad] (peace be upon him) that he said, "...giving one dirham to a brother in faith and who has cognizance (of the greatness and importance of the day of Ghadir) is equal to giving 1,000 dirham (at any other time). Therefore on this day, give to your brothers and make all of the believing men and believing women happy and delighted."

Misbahul Mutahajjid, Page 737

Hadith no. 17: The Day of Joy and Happiness

تَعَالَى لِلَّهِ شُكْرًا صَوْمٌ يَوْمٌ وَ سُرُورٌ وَ فَرَحٌ وَ عِيدٌ يَوْمٌ أَنَّهُ : اللَّهُ عَبْدٌ أَبُو قَالَ

Abu 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) has said: "Surely this day [18th of Dhul Hijjah] is a day of festivity, joy and happiness and it is a day of fasting as a sign of thanks to Allah, the Most High."

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 7, Page 326, Hadith 10

Hadith no. 18: The Day of Congratulations and Felicitations

حُكْمٌ، مَدَّ مَا عَلَى جَلٍّ وَ عَزَّ لِلَّهِ وَ الشُّكْرُ بِإِخْوَانِكُمْ وَ الْبِرُّ عِبَالِكُمْ، عَلَى بِالنَّوَسَعَةِ مَجْمَعِكُمْ أَنْقِضَاءَ بَعْدَ اللَّهِ رَجْمَكُمْ عَوْدًا: عَلَى قَالَ
بَعْدَهُ وَ قَبْلَهُ الْأَعْيَادِ أضعافٍ عَلَى فِيهِ بِالنَّوَابِ اللَّهُ كُمْ هَذَا كَمَا اللَّهُ نِعْمَةً تَهَانُوا وَ أَلْفَنَكُمْ، اللَّهُ يَصِلُ تَبَارُوا وَ سَمَلِكُمْ، اللَّهُ يَجْمَعُ وَ اجْتَمَعُوا
...مِثْلِهِ فِي الْإِ

Imam 'Ali (peace be upon him) said: "When your assembly adjourns, may Allah have mercy on

you, then show generosity towards your dependants, kindness to your brethren, and gratitude to Allah for what He has bestowed upon you. Come together that Allah may unite you, do good to one another that Allah may increase your mutual love; and congratulate one another for Allah's favour as He has given you the good tidings of a reward many times greater than previous or future 'Eids, except an 'Eid like it [when 'Eid falls on a Friday]."

Biharul Anwar, Volume 97, Page 117

Hadith no. 19: A Day of Greeting and Disavowal

أَشْرَفُهُمَا وَ أَعْظَمُهُمَا ! حَسَنَ يَا نَعَمَ، قَالَ الْعَبْدَيْنِ؟ عَيْرُ عِيدِ الْمُسْلِمِينَ فِذَاكَ، جُعِلْتُ قُلْتُ: اللَّهُقَالَ عَبْدُ أَبِي عَنِ رَاشِدِ بْنِ الْحَسَنِ رَوَى:
قَالَ فِيهِ؟ نَصْنَعُ أَنْ لَنَا يَنْبَغِي وَمَا فِذَاكَ جُعِلْتُ: لَهُ قُلْتُ. لِلنَّاسِ عِلْمًا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ فِيهِ مِيرًا نَصِبَ يَوْمٌ: قَالَ هُوَ؟ يَوْمَ أَيُّ وَ: لَهُ قُلْتُ: قَالَ:
الَّذِي بِالْيَوْمِ الْأَوْصِيَاءَ تَأْمُرُ كَانَتْ لِأَنْبِيَاءَ | فَإِنْ ظَلَمَهُمْ، مِمَّنْ اللَّهُ، إِلَى تَنْبَرًا وَ فِيهِ إِلَيْهِ وَ مُحَمَّدٍ عَلَى الصَّلَاةِ تَكْتُرُ وَ حَسَنَ يَا تَصَوْمُهُ
عِيدًا يُتَّخَذُ أَنْ الْوَصِيِّ فِيهِ يُقَامُ كَانَ

It has been narrated from Hasan ibn Rashid from Abi 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) that he said, "May I be sacrificed for you! Do the Muslims have a festivity other than the two 'Eid celebrations?" The Imam (peace be upon him) replied, "Yes O' Hasan! (There is one) greater than these two and much worthier than them." The companion replied, "And what day is that?" The Imam said, "The day upon which Amirul Mo'minin ['Ali ibn Abi Talib] (peace be upon him) was appointed as the flag (of guidance) for the people." The companion then asked, "May I be sacrificed for you! And what should we do (on this day)?" The Imam replied, "You should fast on it, O' Hasan, and recite many prayers upon Muhammad and his family and disavow yourself towards Allah from all of those who oppressed them; surely the Prophets (of the past) also commanded their successors to consider the day of their appointment a day of celebration and 'Eid."

Misbahul Mutahajjid, Page 680

Hadith no. 20: The 'Eid of the Successors

أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ اللَّهُوَصَى رَسُولَ فَإِنَّ مُحَمَّدٍ، آلَ وَ مَبْلُوحَ وَ الذِّكْرَ وَ الْعِبَادَةَ بِالصِّيَامِ فِيهِ ذِكْرُهُ عَزَّ اللَّهُ تَذَكُرُونَ ... :اللَّهُقَالَ عَبْدُ أَبِي عَنِ
عِيدًا فَيَتَّخِذُونَهُ بِذَلِكَ أَوْصِيَاءَهُمْ يُوصُونَ كَانُوا تَفْعَلُ، الْأَنْبِيَاءَ كَانَتْ كَذَلِكَ وَ عِيدًا، الْيَوْمَ ذَلِكَ يُتَّخَذُ أَنْ

It has been narrated from Abi 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) that he said, "... (on the day of 'Eid Ghadir) you should remember Allah, the Noble, on this day through fasting and worship and through remembering Muhammad and the family of

Muhammad since surely the Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) had advised Amirul Mo'minin to take this day as a day of 'Eid, and this is the same thing which the (previous) Prophets also did; they too advised their successors who took this day as a day of 'Eid."

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 7, Page 327, Hadith 1

Hadith no. 21: The Day of Dedication and Prayers

فِيهِ الرَّجُلُ النَّبِيُّ يُوسَعُ عَلَى وَالصَّلَاةِ جَلًّا، وَعَزَّ اللَّهُ ذِكْرَ فِيهِ يُكْتَرُ أَنْ يَنْبَغِي وَشَهْرًا، ثَمَانِينَ يَعْدِلُ فِيهِ وَالْعَمَلُ: اللَّهُ قَالَ عَبْدُ أَبِي عَن
عِيَالِهِ عَلَى

It has been narrated from Abi 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) that he said, "The worth of (good) actions performed on this day (18th of Dhul Hijjah) is equivalent to 80 months (of good deeds) and one is advised to frequently remember Allah, the Noble and Grand, and send prayers upon the Prophet (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) and that a man be generous to his family (by presenting them with gifts)."

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 7, Page 325, Hadith 6

Hadith no. 22: The Day of Seeing the Leader

قُلْتُ [قَالَ]: بَعْدَهُ مِنْ إِمَامًا وَ لِلنَّاسِ عِلْمًا عَلِيًّا هَذَا النَّبِيُّ أَخَا أَقَامَ فِيهِ الْعَدِيرِ يَوْمَ وَ: إِسْحَاقُ لِأَبِي مُحَمَّدٍ قَالَ بِنِ عَلِيِّ الْحَسَنِ أَبِي مَوْلَانَا عَنْ
خَلْقِهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ حُجَّةً أَنْكَ أَشْهَدُ قَصَدْتُ، لِذَلِكَ فَذَلِكَ، جُعِلَتْ صَدَقَتْ

It has been narrated from our master, Abul Hasan 'Ali ibn Muhammad [al-Hadi] (peace be upon him) that he said to Abi Ishaq: "The Day of Ghadir is the day when the Prophet (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) appointed his brother 'Ali as the flag (of guidance) for the people and the Imam after him." Abu Ishaq said, "You have spoken the truth, may I be sacrificed for you. It is for this reason (alone) that I came to see you. I bear witness that truly you are the proof of Allah over all of His creations."

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 7, Page 324, Hadith 3

Hadith no. 23: The Day of Praising Allah

مَلَكَ أَلْفَ سَبْعُونَ يَوْمَ كُلِّ قَبْرَةٍ يَرُورُ وَ قَبْرِهِ فِي وَسَّعَ وَ نُورًا سَبْعِينَ قَبْرَهُ اللَّهُ أَدْخَلَ مُؤْمِنًا فِيهِ زَارَ مَنْ: الرِّضَا مُوسَى بِنِ عَلِيِّ عَن
بِالْجَنَّةِ وَيُبَشِّرُونَهُ

Imam 'Ali ibn Musa al-Ridha (peace be upon him) has said, "Allah will grant a person who visits a true believer on it (the Day of 'Eidul Ghadir) seventy types of Divine Light in his grave and will expand his grave. Every day, 70,000 Angels will visit him in the grave and they will grant him the

glad tidings of Paradise.”

Iqbal al-A'mal, Page 778

Hadith no. 24: The Day of Visiting and Doing Good

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْأَنْبِيَاءَ فَإِنَّ الْإِخْوَانَ، صَلَتهُ وَ الرِّحْمَ صَلَتهُ وَ الصَّلَوةَ وَ الصَّوْمَ بِالْبِرِّ تَعَالَى اللهُ إِلَيَّ تَتَقَرَّبُوا أَنْ لَكُمْ يُنْبِئُنِي: الصَّادِقُ قَالَ بِهِ أَمَرُوا وَ ذَلِكَ فَعَلُوا أَوْصِيَاءَهُمْ أَقَامُوا إِذَا كَانُوا

Imam as-Sadiq [Ja'far ibn Muhammad] (peace be upon him) has said, “It is advisable for you (on the day of Ghadir) to become close to Allah, the Most High, through good deeds, fasting, prayers, establishing (and maintaining) family ties and establishing ties between (your) brothers. The Prophets (peace be upon all of them) did the same thing when they appointed their successors, and also advised them to act similarly.”

Misbahul Mutahajjid, Page 736

Hadith no. 25: Salat in Masjid al-Ghadir

الْحَقُّ فِيهِ وَجَلَّ عَزَّ اللهُ أَظْهَرَ مَوْضِعٍ هُوَ وَمِنْبَتِ الْمَأْمُورِ فِيهِ النَّبِيُّ أَقَامَ لِأَنَّ الْغَدِيرَ مَسْجِدٍ فِي الصَّلَوةِ نُسْتَحَبُّ إِنَّهُ: اللُّهُقَالِ عَبْدِ أَبِي عَنْ

It has been narrated from Abi 'Abdillah Imam [Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) that: “Surely it is recommended to pray inside Masjid al-Ghadir since verily the Prophet (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) introduced the Commander of the Faithful (peace be upon him) [as the Imam] to the people here and this is the spot in which Allah, the Noble and Grand, made known The Truth.”

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 3, Page 549

Hadith no. 26: Salat on the Day of Ghadir

الْمُؤْمِنِينَ بِغَدِيرِ أَمِيرٍ فِيهَا أَقِيمَ الَّتِي السَّاعَةُ هِيَ وَ الزَّوَالِ قُرْبَ أَفْضَلُهُ وَ شَاءَ وَقْتُ أَيِّ رَكَعَتَيْنِ فِيهِ صَلَّى مَنْ وَ: اللُّهُقَالِ عَبْدِ أَبِي عَنْ... الْيَوْمَ ذَلِكَ حَضَرَ كَمَنْ كَانَ ... وَ لِلنَّاسِ مَاعًا حُمَّ

It has been narrated from Abi 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) that: “A person who performs a two Rak'at Salat any time he wishes (during the Day of 18th of Dhul Hijjah), though it is best that this (Salat) be performed as close to the time of Zawwal (mid-day when the sun begins its decline; this is when the time for Salatul Zuhr beings) as possible because this is the time at which Amirul Mo'minin (peace be upon him) was appointed at Ghadir Khumm as the flag of the people and ... (the reward for this Salat) is as if the person had been present on the Day (of Ghadir Khumm)...”

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 5, Page 225, Hadith 2

Hadith no. 27: Fasting on the Day of Ghadir

ذَلِكَ ثَوَابٍ لَهُ لَكَانَ الدُّنْيَا عَمِرَتْ مَا صَامَ ثُمَّ إِنْسَانٌ عَاشَ لَوْ الدُّنْيَا عَمِرَ صِيَامَ يَغْدِلُ حُمْ غَدِيرِ يَوْمِ صِيَامِ: الصَّادِقُ قَالَ

It has been narrated from as-Sadiq [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad] (peace be upon him) that: "Fasting on the Day of Ghadir is equivalent to fasting the time span of the (existence of the) entire world – meaning that if a person were to live a life of the entire existence of the world and were to fast this whole time, the reward for this fasting would be equivalent to fasting (this one day of Ghadir)."

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 7, Page 324, Hadith 4

Hadith no. 28: The Day of Congratulations and Smiling

أَمِيرِ بَوْلَايَةِ الْمُتَمَسِّكِينَ مِنْ جَعَلَنَا الَّذِي لِلَّهِ الْحَمْدُ: يَقُولُ أَخَاهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ لَقِيَ إِفَادَ بَعْضًا، بَعْضُكُمْ يُهْنِي النَّهْبَةَ يَوْمَ هُوَ ... الرَّضَائِقَالَ عَنِ... الإِيمَانِ أَهْلٍ مِنَ النَّاسِ وَجُوهٍ فِي النَّبَسِ يَوْمَ هُوَ الأَيْمَتِ وَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

It has been narrated from al-Ridha [Ali ibn Musa] (peace be upon him) that: "...and this is a day of congratulations and felicitations in which you should greet and congratulate one another. When a believer meets another, one should say, 'All praise belongs to Allah who has made us amongst those who hold firm to the Wilayat of the Commander of the Faithful and the A'imma (prayers be upon all of them); and this is a day of smiling at other people and those of true faith."

Iqbal al-A'mal, Page 464

Section 3 : Wilayat in Ghadir

Hadith no. 29: The Prophet and the Wilayat of 'Ali

فَعَلِيٍّ مَوْلَاهُ كُنْتُ مَنْ أَلَّهْمُ: قَالَ عَلِيُّو بِيَدِ فَأَخَذَ جَامِعَهُ، أَلَّهْمُ: فَتَنَادَى اللَّهُمَّادِيًّا رَسُولُ أَمَرَ حُمْ غَدِيرِ يَوْمَ كَانَ لَمَّا: قَالَ سَعِيدُ أَبِي عَنِ غَادَاهُ نَمَّ عَادٍ وَ وَالَاهُ، مَنْ وَالِ أَلَّهْمُ مَوْلَاهُ،

It has been narrated from Abi Sa'id that: "When the day of Ghadir Khumm came, the Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) commanded the caller to call out, 'Gather for the Salat. Then he took 'Ali (peace be upon him) by the hand and said, 'O' Allah! Whomsoever I

am his master, this 'Ali is also his master. O' Allah! Be a friend to that person who is a friend to him, and be an enemy to that person who is an enemy to him.'”

Biharul Anwar, Volume 37, Page 112, Hadith 4

Hadith no. 30: Living the Life of a Prophet

لَنْ طَالِبِإِنِّهُ أَبِي ابْنِ عَلِيٍّ فَلْيَتَوَلَّ رَبِّي وَعَدَنِي الَّتِي الْخُلْدِ جَنَّةً وَيَسْكُنَ مَمَاتِي، يَمُوتَ وَحَيَاتِي، يَحْيَى أَنْ يَرِيدُ مِنْ اللَّهِ رَسُولٌ قَالَ
صَلَاةً فِي يَدْحَلِكُمْ وَلَنْ هُدَى، مِنْ يُخْرِجَكُمْ

The Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) has said: “A person who wishes to live the life that I lived and wishes to die the way I die, and wants to reside in the perpetual Paradise which has been promised to me by my Lord should accept the Wilayat of 'Ali ibn Abi Talib (peace be upon him), because he will never drag you away from the path of true guidance and he will never misguide you.”

Al-Ghadir, Volume 10, Page 278

Hadith no. 31: The Prophet and the Imamate of 'Ali

وَحَلِيفَتِي وَارِثِي وَوَصِيِّي وَ أَخِي أَنْتَ! عَلِيُّ طَالِبِإِنِّ أَبِي بِنِ لِعَلِيٍّ اللَّهَيْقُولُ َرَسُولٌ سَمِعْتُ: قَالَ الْأَنْصَارِيُّ اللَّهُ عَبْدُ بِنِ جَابِرٍ عَنْ
عَدُوِّي عَدُوُّكَ َو مَبْغِضِي مَبْغِضُكَ وَ مُحِبِّي مُحِبُّكَ. وَفَاتِي بَعْدَ وَ حَيُّوتِي فِي أُمَّتِي عَلَى

It has been narrated from Jabir ibn 'Abdullah al-Ansari that: “I heard the Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) say to 'Ali ibn Abi Talib (peace be upon him): 'O' 'Ali! You are my brother and my successor and my executor and my caliph over my nation both during my life and also after my death. Those who love you, love me; and those who hate you, hate me; and your enemy is my enemy.”

Al-Amali of as-Saduq, Page 124, Hadith 5

Hadith no. 32: The Pillars of Islam

يَوْمَ بِالْوَلَايَةِ نُودِيَ مَا عَيْشِي يُنَادِلَمْ َو الْوَلَايَةُ وَ الْحَجُّ وَ الصَّوْمُ وَ الزَّكَاةُ وَ الصَّلَاةُ: خَمْسٌ عَلَى الْإِسْلَامِ بِنِي: جَعْفَرٌ قَالَ أَبِي عَنْ
بِيرَالْغ

It has been narrated from Abi Ja'far [Imam Muhammad ibn 'Ali al-Baqir] (peace be upon him) that: “Islam is built on five foundations: Salat, Zakat, Sawm, Hajj and Wilayat – and there was no call to any of these resembling that which the people were called towards in order to accept the Wilayah on the Day of Ghadir.”

Hadith no. 33: The Perpetual Wilayat

عَلِيِّ وَوَصِيَّةِ مُحَمَّدٍ بِنُبُوَّةِ إِلَّا رَسُولًا اللَّهُ يَبْعَثُ لَنْ وَالْأَنْبِيَاءِ جَمِيعِ صُحُفٍ فِي عَلِيمِ كُتُوبِهِ وَلَايَةُ: الْحَسَنِقَالَ أَبِي عَنْ

It has been narrated from Abil Hasan ['Ali ibn Musa al-Ridha] (peace be upon him) that: "The Wilayat of 'Ali (peace be upon him) has been written in all of the books of the (previous) Prophets and Allah did not appoint a single Messenger except with a (pledge to the) Prophethood of Muhammad and the successorship of 'Ali (peace be upon him)."

Safinatul Bihar, Volume 2, Page 691

Hadith no. 34: Wilayat and Tawhid

أَعْدَاءُ أَعْدَاؤُهُ وَ اللَّهُ أَوْلِيَاءُ أَوْلِيَاءُهِ وَ اللَّهُ قَرِيبُضُهُ اتَّبَاعُهُ وَ اللَّهُ بَادَةٌ حُبُّهُ وَ اللَّهُ وَلَايَةُ طَالِبِ أَبِي بِنِ عَلِيٍّ وَلَايَةُ: اللَّهُ رَسُولُ قَالَ
جَلَّ وَ عَزَّ اللَّهُ سَلَّمَ وَسَلَّمَهُ وَ اللَّهُ حَرْبُ حَرْبِهِ وَ اللَّهُ

The Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) has said, "The Wilayat of 'Ali ibn Abi Talib is the Wilayat of Allah; love for him ('Ali) is worship of Allah; following him ('Ali) is an obligatory act from Allah; his friends are the friends of Allah and his enemies are the enemies of Allah; fighting with him is (like) fighting against Allah; and making peace with him is (like) making peace with Allah, the Noble and Grand."

Al-Amali of as-Saduq, Page 32

Hadith no. 35: The Day of the Cry of Despair of Shaitan

الْعَدِيرِ يَوْمَ النَّبِيِّ بُعِثَ يَوْمَ وَ الْأَرْضِ، إِلَى أَهْبَطَ يَوْمَ وَ لَعِنَ، يَوْمَ: رَنَاتِ أَرْبَعِ رَنَ اللَّهُ عَدُوَّ إِبْلِيسَ نًا: أَبِيهِقَالَ عَنْ جَعْفَرِ عَنْ

It has been narrated from Ja'far [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) from his father [Imam Muhammad ibn 'Ali al-Baqir] (peace be upon him) that: "Iblis, the enemy of Allah, cried out (in hopelessness) four times: The day when he was cursed (by Allah); the day when he was sent down to the Earth; the day when the Prophet (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) was officially appointed (to convey the message on Earth); and on the Day of Ghadir."

Hadith no. 36: The Wilayat of 'Ali is the Fortress of Tawhid

نَارِي مِنْ أَمِنَ حِصْنِي دَخَلَ فَمَنْ حِصْنِي، طَالِبِ أَبِي بِنِ عَلِيٍّ وَلَايَةُ: لِي نَعَا وَ تَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ يَقُولُ ۖ النَّبِيُّ عَنِ

It has been narrated from the Prophet (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) that: “Allah, the Glorious and High, has said, “The Wilayat of 'Ali ibn Abi Talib is My fortress, so whoever enters into My fortress will be protected from My fire.”

Jami' al-Akhbar, Page 52, Hadith 7

Hadith no. 37: The Successor of the Prophet

سَعِدَ بَعْدِي، عَلِيُّهَا خَلِيفَتِي وَ أُمَّتِي إِمَامُ أَنْتَ ... الْبَابُ قَبْلَ مِنْ إِلَّا الْمَدِينَةَ نُوتِي نُوًا وَ بَابُهَا أَنْتَ وَ الْعِلْمُ مَدِينَةُ أَنَا عَلِيٌّ يَا: اللَّهُ رَسُولُ قَالَ عَادَاكَ مَنْ خَسِرَ وَ تَوَلَّاكَ مَنْ رِيحَ وَ عَصَاكَ، مَنْ شَقِي وَ أَطَاعَكَ مَنْ

The Messenger of Allah (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family) has said, “O' 'Ali! I am the city of knowledge and you are its gate and no one can enter into the city except by going through its gate ... You are the Imam of my nation and you are my successor. Blessed is the person who obeys you and depraved is the person who disobeys you. One who follows you will succeed, while the one who turns away from you will be in a loss.”

Jami' al-Akhbar, Page 52, Hadith 9

Hadith no. 38: Islam in the Shadow of Wilayat

بِصَاحِبَتَيْهَا إِلَّا مِنْهُنَّ وَاجِدَةٌ تَصِيحُ لَا أَوْلَايَةَ، وَ الزَّكَاةُ وَ الصَّلَاةُ: ثَلَاثَةٌ مِ الْإِسْلَامِ أَنَا قَالِي: الصَّادِقُ قَالَ

Imam as-Sadiq [Ja'far ibn Muhammad] (peace be upon him) has said: “The fundamental pillars of Islam are three: Salat, Zakat and Wilayat. No one of these will be valid unless accompanied by the other two.”

Al-Kafi, Volume 2, Page 18

Hadith no. 39: A Thousand Witnesses

يَأْخُذُ الرَّجُلُ وَ حَقَّهُ أَخَذَ عَلَى يَقْدِرُ لَمْ شَاهِدًا لَفِي الْأَ عَشْرَةَ لَهُ كَانَ أَنَّهُ!! طَالِبِ أَبِي بِنِ عَلِيٍّ لَقِيَ لِمَا حَفَصَ يَا اللَّهُ الْعَجَبُ عَبْدُ أَبِي قَالَ بِشَاهِدِينَ حَقَّهُ

Abu 'Abdillah [Imam Ja'far ibn Muhammad as-Sadiq] (peace be upon him) has said, “O' Hafsa! I am surprised at what happened to 'Ali ibn Abi Talib!! Despite having tens of thousands of witnesses

he could not claim his right when in reality a person needs only two witnesses to claim what is rightfully his!"

Biharul Anwar, Volume 37, Page 140

Hadith no. 40: 'Ali , The Commentator of the Qur'an

أَعْرَفَهُمَا، وَ أَحْصَيْهُمَا أَنْ مِنْ أَكْثَرِ الْحَرَامِ وَالْحَلَالِ إِنََّّ وَالْأَلِ إِلَيْهِ، الدَّاعِي وَاللَّهِ، كِتَابِ تَفْسِيرِ عَلِيٍّ: الْعَدِيرِ يَوْمَ تَجَاجِهَ فِي النَّبِيِّ عَنِ فِي جَلِّ وَالْعَزَّ اللَّهُ عَنِ بِهِ جِئْتُ مَا يَقْبُولُ مِنْكُمْ، الصَّفَقَةَ وَ عَلَيْكُمْ الْبَيْعَةَ أَخَذَ أَنْ فَأَمَرْتُ وَاجِدٍ، مَقَامٍ فِي الْحَرَامِ عَنِ أَنْهَى وَ بِالْحَلَالِ فَأَمُرُ لَنْ اللَّهُ فَوَ مَنْشَابِهَا، تَتَّبِعُوا لَأَ وَمَاتِهِمْ مُحْكَمٌ فِي أَنْظَرُوا وَ آيَاتِهِ، أَفْهَمُوا وَ تَدَبَّرُوا النَّاسَ مَعَاشِرَ. بَعْدَهُ مِنَ الْأَيْمَةِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَمِيرِ عَلِيٍّ بِيَدِهِ أَخَذَ أَنَا الَّذِي إِلَّا تَفْسِيرِهِ عَنْ لَكُمْ يُوضَعُ لَأَ وَ زَوَاجِرُهُ، لَكُمْ يُبَيِّنُ

From the Prophet (blessings of Allah be upon him and his family), in his address on the Day of Ghadir: "Ali is the exegesis (Tafsir) of the book of Allah and the one who calls others to it. Verily, that which is permitted and forbidden is more than what I can explain to you; what I command you as permitted and forbid you as prohibited, is all from one position. I was commanded to take your allegiance and your pledge to accept what I brought from Allah, the Exalted, regarding 'Ali, the commander of the believers, and the Imams after him. O' People! Ponder and understand the verses (of the Qur'an), observe those that are clear and do not follow those that are unclear; for by Allah no one can explain to you its limitations or clarify its meanings except the one whose hand I am holding (meaning Imam 'Ali)."

Wasa'il ash-Shi'a, Volume 18, Page 142, Hadith 43